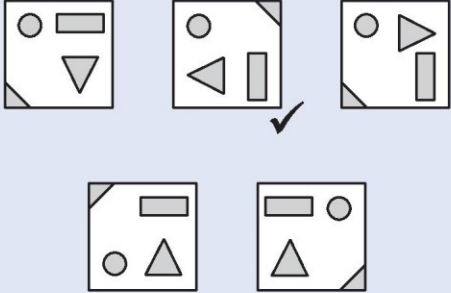
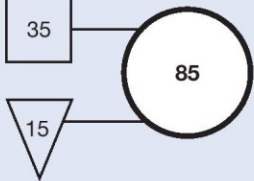
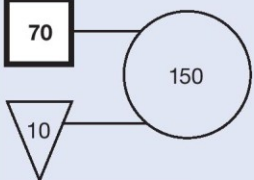
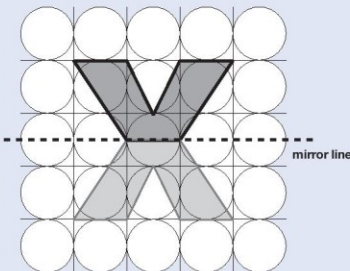
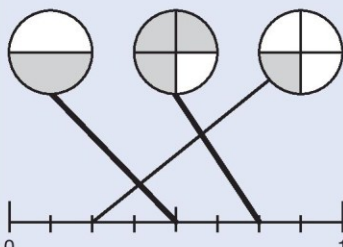
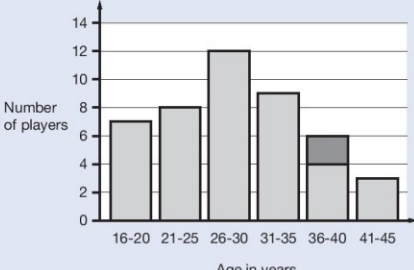


## Test A questions 1–5

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
1	Time circled as shown: <div> <div>12:30am</div> <div>12:30pm</div> <div>11:30am</div> <div>11:30pm</div> <div>3am</div> </div>	1m	<b>Do not</b> award the mark if additional incorrect times are circled.  Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg time ticked, crossed or underlined.
2	<div> <div>7</div> <div>4</div> </div> <div>+</div> <div> <div>2</div> <div>6</div> </div> OR <div> <div>7</div> <div>6</div> </div> <div>+</div> <div> <div>2</div> <div>4</div> </div>	1m	Numbers may be added in either order.
3	The correct tile ticked as shown: 	1m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg tile crossed or circled.
4a	Diagrams completed as shown: 	1m	
4b		1m U1	
5a	15	1m	Accept unambiguous abbreviations or recognisable misspellings.
5b	USA	1m	

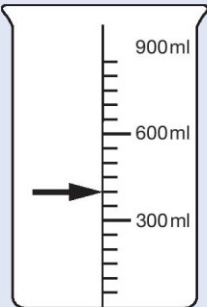
## Test A questions 6–10

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
6a	3	1m	
6b	<p>Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 200</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg:</p> <p>■ <math>60 + 60 = 120</math></p> <p><math>20 + 20 + 20 + 20 = 80</math></p> <p><math>120 + 80 = \text{wrong answer}</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>■ <math>(60 \times 2) + (20 \times 4) = \text{wrong answer}</math></p>	Up to 2m	Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
7	16	1m	
8	<p>Diagram completed as shown:</p> 	1m	<p>Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing (see page 3 for guidance).</p> <p>Shape need not be shaded.</p>
9	<p>Diagram completed correctly as shown:</p> 	1m	<p><b>Do not</b> award the mark if additional incorrect lines are drawn.</p> <p>Lines need not touch the shapes or number line provided the intended accuracy is clear.</p>
10a	27	1m	
10b	<p>Graph completed as shown:</p> 	1m	<p>Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing provided the intention is clear.</p> <p>Bar need not be shaded.</p>

## Test A questions 11–12

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
11a	£4.79	1m	
11b	<p>Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of £2.35</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg</p> <p><math>2.50 \div 2 = 1.25</math></p> <p><math>1.25 + 1.40 = 2.65</math></p> <p><math>5 - 2.65 = \text{wrong answer}</math></p>	Up to 2m	<p>Accept for <b>ONE</b> mark £235 <b>OR</b> £235p as evidence of appropriate working.</p> <p>Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.</p>
12	<p>An explanation which gives a counter-example to illustrate that not all numbers ending in 4 are multiples of 4, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ '14 is not a multiple of 4'</li> <li>■ '4, 24 and 44 are multiples of 4, but not 14 and 34'</li> <li>■ '14 or 34 don't work'</li> <li>■ '54'</li> </ul> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>an explanation which recognises that only numbers ending in 4 which have an even number of tens are multiples of 4, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 'It has to have an even number of 10s as well, like 20 or 40'</li> <li>■ '14, 24, 34, 44, 54, 64 – only half of them are'</li> <li>■ '4 doesn't go into 10 so 14 isn't'.</li> </ul>	<p>1m</p> <p>U1</p>	<p>No mark is awarded for circling 'No' alone.</p> <p><b>Do not</b> accept vague or incomplete explanations, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 'Some numbers end in a 4 but aren't multiples of 4'</li> <li>■ '16 doesn't end in 4'</li> <li>■ 'Not all multiples of 4 end in 4'</li> <li>■ '24 is a multiple of 4 but the next one isn't'</li> <li>■ '4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24 etc'.</li> </ul> <p>If 'Yes' is circled but a correct, unambiguous explanation is given, then award the mark.</p>

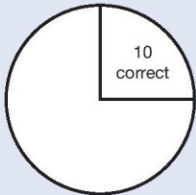
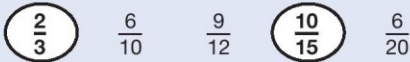
## Test A questions 13–17

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
13a	rhombus	1m	Accept unambiguous abbreviations or recognisable misspellings.
13b	kite	1m	Accept unambiguous abbreviations or recognisable misspellings.
14	0.2 <b>0.25</b> 0.4 0.45 0.6 <b>0.75</b>	1m	<b>Do not</b> award the mark if additional incorrect numbers are circled. Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg numbers ticked, crossed or underlined.
15	8	1m	
16a	350	1m	
16b	<p>Arrow drawn to 400 as shown:</p> 	1m	<p>Arrow should be closer to 400 than to 350 or 450 for the award of the mark.</p> <p>Accept alternative unambiguous indications of the correct level, provided the intention is clear, eg container shaded.</p>
17	<p>Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 150</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg</p> $800 \div 2 = 400$ $400 - 250 = \text{wrong answer}$	<p>Up to 2m</p> <p><b>U1</b></p>	Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.

## Test A questions 18–20

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
18	<p>Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 60 <b>AND</b> 90</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ both numbers correct and one or more additional factors of 180</li> </ul> <p><b>OR</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ both numbers correct and one number which is not a factor of 180</li> </ul> <p><b>OR</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ one number correct and none incorrect.</li> </ul>	Up to 2m	<p>Numbers may be given in either order.</p> <div>eg 30, 45, <b>60</b>, 90</div> <div>eg <b>60</b>, 90, 100</div> <div>eg <b>60</b></div>
19	<p>Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 34 314</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working which contains no more than <b>ONE</b> arithmetical error, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ long multiplication algorithm, eg <math display="block">\begin{array}{r} 602 \\ \times 57 \\ \hline 30100 \\ 4214 \\ \hline \end{array}</math>                     wrong answer                 </li> <li>■ grid method, eg <math display="block">\begin{array}{r rr} &amp; 600 &amp; 2 \\ \hline 50 &amp; 30000 &amp; 100 \\ 7 &amp; 4200 &amp; 14 \\ \hline &amp; = &amp; \text{wrong answer} \end{array}</math> </li> <li>■ partitioning method, eg <math display="block">\begin{array}{l} 602 \times 10 = 6020 \\ 602 \times 20 = 12040 \\ 602 \times 20 = 12040 \\ 602 \times 7 = 4214 \\ \hline \end{array}</math>                     wrong answer                 </li> </ul>	Up to 2m	<p>In all cases accept follow-through of <b>ONE</b> error in working.</p> <p><b>Do not</b> award any marks if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ the error is in the place value, eg the omission of the zero when multiplying by five tens, eg <math display="block">\begin{array}{r} 602 \\ \times 57 \\ \hline 3010 \\ 4214 \\ \hline \end{array}</math>                     wrong answer                 </li> <li>■ the final (answer) line of digits is missing.</li> </ul> <p>Variations on algorithms are acceptable, provided they represent viable and complete methods.</p> <p>Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.</p>
20a	34	1m	
20b	70	1m	

## Test A questions 21–24

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
21a	20%	1m	<b>Do not</b> accept equivalent fractions or decimals.
21b	<p>An explanation which recognises that 25% chose Jack, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 'A quarter of the children guessed Jack and that is 10 out of 40'</li> <li>■ '10 out of 40 (<math>\frac{1}{4}</math>) were correct and the pie chart shows <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> chose Jack'</li> <li>■ 'Half guessed Amir which is 20 and Jack is half of that which is 10'</li> <li>■ '10 guessed right and the pie chart shows three times as many chose the other runners'</li> <li>■ '25% chose Jack and 25% were correct'</li> <li>■</li> </ul> 	1m U1	<p>No mark is awarded for 'Jack' alone.</p> <p><b>Do not</b> accept vague or incomplete explanations, eg:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 'There were 40 children altogether'</li> <li>■ 'Less than half chose Jack'</li> <li>■ 'Because Jack is the fastest'.</li> </ul> <p>If the answer to 'Who won the race?' is incorrect, but a correct, unambiguous explanation is given, then award the mark.</p>
22	<p>Two fractions circled as shown:</p> 	1m	<p><b>Do not</b> award the mark if additional incorrect fractions are circled.</p> <p>Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg fractions ticked, crossed or underlined.</p>
23a	(-10, -4)	1m	Coordinates must be written in the correct order.
23b	(0, 8)	1m	<p>Accept unambiguous answers written on the diagram.</p> <p>Award <b>ONE</b> mark if the answer to 23a is (0, 8) <b>AND</b> the answer to 23b is (-10, -4).</p>
24	<p>Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 20</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg</p> <p>Small square = <math>36 - 28 = 8</math></p> <p>Large square = <math>28 - 8</math></p> <p>= wrong answer</p>	Up to 2m U1	Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.